## **REVIEW OF THE ATOM**

- > Atoms are the building blocks of matter
- > Elements are composed of only one type of atom
- Compounds are composed of two or more atoms chemically bonded together in a fixed proportion
- > All atoms are made up of three subatomic particles

Particle	Relative Mass	Charma	
	- Columbia (Columbia)	Charge	Location
Proton	1	Positive	Nucleus
Neutron	1	Neutral	
Electron			Nucleus
	0	negative	Orbit around the
			nucleus

## **Determining the Number of Subatomic Particles in an Element:**

Number of Protons = Atomic Number (Z)

Number of Neutrons = Mass Number (A) - Atomic Number (Z)

- ➤ The mass number is the rounded version of the atomic mass Ex. nitrogen has an atomic mass of 30.973761 so its mass number becomes 31
- > recall that the mass number is equal to the number of protons and neutrons

Number of Electrons = the number of protons in a NEUTRAL atom

## Example:

16

O

8